TIẾNG ANH LỚP 7 NGỮ PHÁP + BÀI TẬP CẢ NĂM

1. Từ chỉ số lượng:

- a lot of
+ N đếm được và không đếm được
- lots of

- many + N danh từ đếm được số nhiều

- much + N không đếm được

Ex: She has lots of/ many books.

There is a lot of/ much water in the glass.

2. Câu so sánh:

a. So sánh hơn:

- Tính từ ngắn:	$S + be + adj + er + than \dots$	I am <u>taller than</u> Tuan.
- Tính từ dài: school.	S + be + more + adj + than	My school is <u>more beautiful than</u> your

b. So sánh nhất:

- Tính từ ngắn:	S + be + the + adj + est	He is the tallest in his class.
- Tính từ dài:	S + be + the most + adj	My school is the most beautiful.

c. Một số từ so sánh bất qui tắc:

- good/ well	better	the best
- bad	worse	the worst
3. Từ nghi vấn:		
- what	Ca	ái gì
- where	ở	đâu
- who	ai	i
- why	tạ	ii sao
- when	k	hi nào
- how	n	hư thế nào
- how much	g	iá bao nhiêu
- how often	h	ỏi tần suất
- how long	b	ao lâu
- how far	b	ao xa
- what time	m	iấy giờ
- how much + N khố	òng đếm đư	ợc có bao nhiêu
- how many + N đếm được số nhiều có bao nhiêu		hiều có bao nhiêu
Ex:	_ do you le	arn English? - Twice a week.

have you learn English? – For two years.
is it from your house to your school? – It's 3 km
are you? – I'm fine. Thanks.
is your mother? – She is forty.
do you go to the market? – To buy some food.
is a pen? – it's 3,000 dong.
chairs are there in the class? – There are twenty.
do you get up? – At 6 a.m.

4	h

Thì	Cách dùng	Dấu hiệu	Ví dụ
SIMPLE PRESENT (Hiện tại đơn) - To be: thì, là, ở KĐ: S + am/ is/ are PĐ: S + am/ is/ are + not NV: Am/ Is/ Are + S? - Động từ thường: KĐ: S + V1/ V(s/es) PĐ: S + don't/ doesn't + V1 NV: Do/ Does + S + V1?	 chỉ một thói quen ở hiện tại chỉ một sự thật, một chân lí. 	- always, usually, often, sometimes, seldom, rarely (<i>ít khi</i>), seldom (<i>hiếm khi</i>), every, once (<i>một lần</i>), twice (<i>hai lần</i>)	 She often gets up at 6 am. The sun rises in the east. (Mặt trời mọc ở hướng Đông)
PRESENT CONTINUOUS (Hiện tại tiếp diễn) KĐ: S + am/ is/ are + V-ing PĐ: S + am/ is/ are + not + V-ing	- hành động đang diễn ra ở hiện tại.	 at the moment, now, right now, at present Look! <i>Nhìn kìa</i> Listen! <i>Lắng nghe kìa</i> 	 Now, we are learning English. She is cooking at the moment.
NV: Am/ Is/Are + S + V-ing? SIMPLE PAST (Quá khứ đơn) - To be: KĐ: I/ He/ She/ It + was You/ We/ They + were PĐ: S + wasn't/ weren't NV: Was/ were + S? - Động từ thường:	- hành động xảy ra và chấm dứt trong quá khứ.	- yesterday, last week, last month,ago, in 1990, in the past,	 She went to London last year. Yesterday, he walked to school.

KĐ: S + V2/ V-ed PĐ: S + didn't + V1 NV: Did + S + V1?			
SIMPLE FUTURE (Tương lai đơn) KĐ: S + will/ shall + V1 I will = I'll PĐ: S + will/ shall + not + V1 (won't/ shan't + V1) NV: Will/ Shall + S + V1?	- hành động sẽ xảy ra trong tương lai	- tomorrow (ngày mai), next, in 2015, tonight (tối nay), soon (sớm)	 He will come back tomorrow. We won't go to school next Sunday.

* Một số động từ bất qui tắc khi chia quá khứ đơn:

Nguyên mẫu	Quá khứ	Nghĩa
- be	- was/ were	- thì, là, ở
- go	- went	- đi
- do	- did	- làm
- have	- had	- có
- see	- saw	- nhìn thấy
- give	- gave	- cho
- take	- took	- lấy
- teach	- taught	- dạy
- eat	- ate	- eaten
- send	- sent	- gửi
- teach	- taught	- dạy
- think	- thought	- nghĩ
- buy	- bought	- mua
- cut	- cut	- cắt, chặt
- make	- made	- làm
- drink	- drank	- uống
- get	- got	- có, lấy

- put	- put	- đặt, để
- tell	- told	- kể, bảo
- lttle	- less	- ít hơn

5. Số thứ tự:

- first	- eleventh	- twenty-first
- second	- twelfth	- twenty-second
- third	- thirteenth	- twenty-third
- fourth	- fourteenth	- twenty-fourth
- fifth	- fifteenth	- twenty-fifth
- sixth	- sixteen	
- seventh	- seventeenth	
- eighth	- eighteenth	
- ninth	- nineteenth	
- tenth	- twentieth	- thirtieth

6. Câu cảm thán:

- What + a/ an + adj + N!

Ex: What a beautiful house!

What an expensive car!

7. Giới từ

* chỉ nơi chốn:

- on	- next to
- in (tỉnh, thành phố)	- behind
- under	- in front of
- near (gần)	- beside (bên cạnh)
- to the left/ the right of	- between
- on the left (bên trái)	- on the right (bên phải)
- at the back of(ở cuối)	- opposite
- on + tên đường	

- at + số nhà, tên đường

* chỉ thời gian:

- at + giờ in + tháng, mùa, năm
- on + thứ, ngày from ...to

- after (sau khi) - before (trước khi)

Ex: at 6 o'clock

in the morning/ in the afternoon/ in the evening

in August, in the autumn, in 2012

on Sunday, on 20th July

from Monday to Saturday

* chỉ phương tiện giao thông: by; on

Ex: by car; by train, by plane on foot.

8. Câu đề nghị:

- Let's

- Should we

→ + V1 ...

- Would you like to
- Why don't you

- What about / How about + V-ing ...?

Ex: What about watching TV?

Câu trả lời: - Good idea./ Great (tuyệt)/ OK/ - I'd love to.

- I'm sorry, I can't.

Ex: Let's go to the cinema.

Should we *play* football?

Would you like to go swimming?

9. Lời hướng dẫn (chỉ đường):

- Could you please show me/ tell me the way to the, please?

- Could you tell me how to get to the?

- go straight (ahead) đi thẳng

- turn right/ turn left queo phải/ queo trái

take the first/ second street on the right/ on the left queo phải/ trái ở con đường thứ nhất/ thứ hai
 Ex: - Excuse me. Could you show me the way to the supermarket, please?

- OK. Go straight ahead. Take the first street on the right. The supermarket is in

front of you

10. Hỏi giờ: What time is it?
What's the time?
Do you have the time?
- Giờ đúng: It's + giờ + phút

- Giờ hơn: It's + phút + past + giờ hoặc It's + giờ + phút - Giờ kém: It's + phút + to + giờ hoặc It's + giờ + phút

11. Mất bao lâu để làm gì:

How long does it take $+(O) + to V \implies$ It takes +(O) + thoriginan + to V...Ex: How long does it take you to do this homework?

12. Hỏi về khoảng cách:

How far is it fromto? => It's about + khoảng cách

13. Cách nói ngày tháng: Tháng + ngày *Hoặc* the + ngày + of + tháng

Ex: May 8th

the 8th of May

14. Have fun + V_ing: Làm việc gì một cách vui vẻ

16. Hỏi giá tiền:	How much + is/ are + S ? => S + is/ are + giá tiền
	How much + do/does + S + cost ? => S + cost(s) + giá tiền

17. Tính từ kép:

Số đếm - N(đếm được số ít)

- 15-minute break (có dấu gạch nối và không có S)

18. Lời khuyên:

$$-S + should/shouldn't$$

$$-S + ought to + V$$

V1

-S + must

EXERCISE

I. Điền giới từ phù hợp:

1/ Do you go school foot or bike? 3/ We are living our parents Quang Ngai town.

4/ I'm class 7A. 5/ Dictionaries are the shelves the left the room. 6/ She is interested literature, but we are fond Math. 7/ My birthday is May first. 8/ Is Lan's birthday March. 9/ Yen has Math and Music Monday. 10/ Tom is good physics. 11/ What do you often do recess? II. Cung cấp dạng đúng của động từ: 1/ It (rain)..... heavily now. You should (stay)..... at home and (*read*)books. 2/ What are you (*do*)at the moment? - I (write)an essay... 3/ Where Lan and Ba (go)tomorrow? They (visit)the Museum. 5/ What about (*play*)a game of chess? 6/ It takes her 10 minutes (make)this toy. 7/ She (*be*)ten on her next birthday. 8/ I (*meet*)you soon. 9/ Why don't we (*hold*)a party? 12/ They (*practice*)playing the guitar in the music room now. 13/ We shouldn't (*waste*)water. 14/ I'd like (*drink*)some orange juice. 15/ Hoa usually (*do*)aerobics early in the morning. 17/ Would you like (*come*) to my house for lunch? 18/ They (go)to visit Hue next summer.

III. Sắp xếp lại câu bị xáo trộn:

1/	always/ class/ time/ we/ to/ come/ on.
$\rightarrow \ldots$	
2/	hours/ week/ often/ does/ how/ he/ many/ a/ work?
$\rightarrow \ldots$	
3/	not/ American/ uniforms/ do/ usually/ school/ wear/ students.
$\rightarrow \ldots$	
4/	10:00/ at/ Wednesday/ Science/ Nam/ class/ on/ has.
\rightarrow	
5/	interesting/ I/ because/ Math/ it/ like/ is.
→ 6/	like/ what/ does/ subject/ best/ Tom?
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
17	you/ work/ to/ want/ we/ with.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
8/	Know/ you/ do/ likes/ he/ how/ meat?
$\rightarrow \dots$	
9/	There/ excuse/ a/ !/ post/ is/ me/ near/ office/ here?
$\rightarrow \ldots$	
10/	That/ you/ the/ ,/ want/ is/ post/ letter/ to/ Mai?
$\rightarrow \ldots$	
11/	Is/ interested/ Mai/ experiments/ doing/ in.
$\rightarrow \ldots$	
12/	him/ tell/ I'll/ please/ call/ after/ 5/ again.
\rightarrow	
13/	Huong/ be/ November 20 th / ,/ twelve/ on/ will/ Saturday.
$\rightarrow \dots$	

IV. Kết hợp A với B sao cho phù hợp:

Α	В
1. What are you doing?	a. I'm going to get a job.
2. What do you usually do after school?	b. I often watch TV.
3. What should I do to have a good health?	c. Twenty minutes a day.

4. Why don't you take a rest? You look tired.	d. Yes, may be I will.	
5. What sport does your brother like doing?	e. You should take physical	
6. What are you going to do after the course?	exercises.	
7. Should we go to the beach? It's a beautiful day.	f. That's a good idea. Let's buy some food and drinks.	
8. How often does he play video games?	g. I'm playing the guitar.	
	h. My brother likes playing soccer.	
* Answer: $1 + \ldots; 2 + \ldots; 3 + \ldots$		
$5+\ldots;$ $6+\ldots;$ $7+$; 8+	
V. Đặt câu hỏi:		
1/		
2/		
- It's <i>about 200 meters</i> from my school to the pos	st office.	
3/		
4/		
5/		
6/		
7/		
8/		
- Lan often goes to the library in her free time.		
9/		
- My mother <i>is cooking</i> in the kitchen at the mom	nent.	
10/		
11/		
- I go to the movies <i>twice a month</i> .		

12/
- Hoa will be <i>twelve</i> on her next birthday.
13/
- Nam's favorite subject is <i>Electronics</i> .
14/
- The shoes cost <u>50,000 dong</u> .
/I. Viết câu tương đương:
1/ What about going to the movies?
\rightarrow Why
\rightarrow What
→ What
→ What
\rightarrow What is
\rightarrow How much does
\rightarrow Hoa is
8. No one in the group is taller than Trung.
\rightarrow Trung
9. I get to work in half an hour.
\rightarrow It takes
10. How much is this dictionary? \rightarrow How much does
11. How about eating out tonight in a restaurant?
\rightarrow Why don't we
II. Chọn từ phù hợp nhất điền vào chỗ trống:
1/ Her new school is different her old school.
A. of B. with C. from D. at
2/ is it from your house to the market?

	A. How old	B. How	C. How far	D. How long
	3/ Is there a picture on t	the wall?		
	A. Yes, there be.	B. Yes, there	is. C. Yes, there is no	ot. D. No, there is
	4/ He works	a hospital. He takes	care patient	ts.
	A. in/ for	B. in/ of	C. at/ for	D. for/ with
	5/ What does your fathe	er do?		
	A. He's farmer.	B. He does a	farmer. C. He's a farmer.	D. He do a farmer
	6/ His car is	the sh	iop.	
	A. front of	B. behind	C. next	D. near to
VIII.	Complete these senter	ces with comparativ	ve or superlative:	
1. T	his dress is the		.of three dresses. (expensiv	re)
2. V	ietnamese students wor	khours	than American students. (fe	ew)
3. H	le has	money	than his wife. (much)	
4. S	ummer holiday is	than Tet holiday	. It's the holiday (lo	ong)
5. T	om is	than Peter (in	ntelligent)	
6. N	Iy father drinks		beer than his friends (little	;)
7. Y	our watch is	than my wa	tch (good)	
9. Na	m is	in his class (tall)	
10. H	o Chi Minh city is	tha	n Ha Noi (big)	
11. He	er English is	than n	ny English (good)	
12. W	inter is	season in	n the year (cold)	
XVI.	Correct form of verbs	in the brackets:		
1.	Could you (show)	me the	way to the bus stop ?	
2.	Lan and Hoa (go)	to the po	st office now.	
3.	3. Liz (need) some stamps and envelopes.			
4.	Hoa needs (buy)	a phone ca	ard.	
5.	5. I (mail) this letter tomorrow .			
6.				
7.	Nam wants (send)	this po	stcard to his penpal.	
8.	We would like (visit)	Ngo	oc Son temple.	
9.	Lan likes (play)	vo	lleyball.	
1	did she go to the	e dentist last week?	- Because she had a toothad	che.
	a. What	b. Why	c. Where	d. Who
2. Spi	nach is very good	you but you m	ust wash it	
	a. at/ careful	b. at/ carefully	c. for/ careful	d. for / carefully
3. We	need some apples, oran	nges, bananas. Let's g	go to the	

a. meat stall	b. food stall	c. fruit stall	d. vegetable stall	
4. He prefers playing	soccer read	ing books		
a. on	b. of	c. in	d. to	
5. We won't attend the	ne meeting tomorrow and he w	vill		
a. so	b. too	c. either	d. neither	
6 is yo	ur bother ? – He is 1,70 meters	5.		
a. How tall	b. How old	c. How heavy	d. How weight	
8. He <u>ought to</u> finish	his homework before he plays	s tennis .		
a. must	b. should	c. can	d. will	
9. Most of the world'	s surface is			
a. land	b. mountain	c. water	d. river	
10. Would you like to	o go to the movies with me?.			
a. Yes, please	b. Yes, I'd love to	c. Yes, I do	d. You are welcome	
11. What kind of do you like ? – I like pop music .				
a. news	b. music	c. TV programs	d. sports	
12. Lan lived in Ho Chi Minh city three months ago, Now she the noise in the city.				
a. use	b. uses to	c. used to	d. is used to	
13. All Children should outdoor and develop their social skills .				
a. play	b. to play	c. playing	d. plays	
14. General Giap is famous the People's Army of Viet Nam.				
a. of lead	b. of leading	c. for leading	d. for lead .	
15. Stop, please. That is toocoffee. Hoa told Hung.				
a. many	b. lots of	c. much	d. little	

B/ READING (3,5pts):

I.Read and complete the passage with the words in the box (1,5 pts):

<u>Popular</u> - small - pair - to - are – strongest – free

Today, badminton becomes a very (0)*popular*..... sports activity. It spreads quickly from the city (1)... the countryside. People need only a (2) of rackets, a shuttlecock, a net and a (3) piece of land to play the game. Two or four players hit the shuttlecock over the net with their rackets. People can play badminton in their (4) time or in a competition. Now, there (5) many badminton competitions and even a World Cup. One of the (6) countries in badminton is Indonesia.

*) Notes: Racket: vot, Net: Luói

1. What	awfu	l restaurant!		
	a. an	b. a	c. one	d. the
2. We	English at th	e moment.		
	a. are learn	b. learn	c. learning	d. are learning
3. This dress	is the	expensive of	the four dresses.	
	a. best	b. more	c. most	d. the most
4	is it from her	re to school?		
	a. How long	b. How high	c. How far	d. How
5. What abou	t ş	games?		
	a. play	b. playing	c. to play	d. to playing
6. He writes a	rticles for a ne	wspaper. He is a		
	a. journalist	b. teacher	c. doctor	d. musician
7. Minh	telev	ision every night.		
	a. watchs	b. watches	c. watching	d. to watch
8. I'd like	some	e stamps for overseasm	nail.	
	a. buy	b. to buy	c. to buying	d. buying
9. She	thirte	en years old next weel	ζ.	
	a. will	b. be	c. is	d. will be
10. Her new school isthan her old school.				
	a. very big	b. big	c. bigger	d. biggest
11. My mothe	er always drive	s		
a. careful		b. carefuly	c. carefully	d. slow
-	t	to the dentist's.		
a. to go		b. go		d. went
	is you	ur brother ? _ He's 1.7		
a. high		b. tall	c. weight	d. heavy
	her te	eeth three times a day.		
a. brush		b. brushs	c. brushes	d. brushed
	se. That is too	coffee.		
a. many		b. lots of	c. little	d. much
16. A balanced diet is good your health.				
a. to		b. with	c. in	d. for

17. It took us an hour	to Nha Trang.		
a. to drive	b. drive	c. driving	d. drove
18 visiting Halo	ng Bay? –That's a goo	d idea!	
a. How about	b. Let's	c. What about	d. A&C are correct
19. Students have two	each day.		
a. 20-minutes breaks	b. 20-minute breaks	c. 20-minute break	d. 20-minutes break
20do you go to	bed? - At nine.		
a. What	b. When	c. What time	d. Where
21. Hanoi is the capital city,	but it isth	an HCM City.	
a. the smaller	b. smaller	c. smallest	d. small
22. Which is the eighth mon	th of the year?		
a. September	b. February	c. November	d. August
23Where	from ? –Engla	and.	
a. is she	b. does she come	c. will she be	d. A & B are correct
24. In the future, robots and	machines	all the work for us.	
a. are doing	b. will do	c. does	d. do
25. Look! Here is Nam. He	the guitar i	n the room.	
a. play	b. plays	c. is playing	d. will play
26. Shesome of	her friends to her birth	nday party next week.	
a. invites	b. inviting	c. will invite	d. going to invite
27. I have English class	seven o'clock	Monday.	
a. at/ on	b. on/ on	c. in/ at D. at/	at
28a lovely livi	ing room!		
a. How	b. What	c. It	d. When
29. Let'sto school.			
a. going	b. to go	c. go	d. goes
30. Mr. Jones has	summer vacation ev	ery year.	
a. a three-week	b. a three weeks	c. a three- weeks	d. a week- three
31. It take me ten minutes to	go to school every day	<u>v</u> .	
A B	C D		
32. <u>I'll</u> go and seeing mom and dad on their farm.			
A B	C D		